

Curriculum Vitae Prof. Dr. Ben L. Feringa

Name: Ben L. Feringa

Born: 18 May 1951



Photo: University of Groningen

Major Scientific Priorities: Synthetic chemistry, Molecular Nanoscience, Catalysis, Supramolecular Chemistry, Photopharmacology

Ben L. Feringa is a chemist. His research focuses on organic chemistry and molecular nanotechnology. He was the first to develop a molecular motor. In 2016 he was awarded the Nobel Prize in Chemistry for “the design and synthesis of molecular machines” together with Jean-Pierre Sauvage and Fraser Stoddart.

Academic and Professional Career

- since 2017 Co-Director of Feringa Nobel Prize Scientist joint Research Center, ECUST, Shanghai, China
- since 2011 Hans Fischer Honorary Fellow, Institute for Advanced Studies, TU Munich, Germany
- since 2008 Academy Professor, Royal Netherlands Academy of Sciences
- since 2003 Jacobus H. van 't Hoff Distinguished Professor of Molecular Science University of Groningen, Netherlands
- 2003 - 2011 Director Stratingh Institute for Chemistry, University of Groningen, Netherlands
- 1991 - 1995 Chairman, Department Organic and Molecular Inorganic Chemistry, University of Groningen, Netherlands
- since 1988 Appointed successor of Prof. Dr. H. Wynberg; chair of Organic Chemistry, Professor of Organic Chemistry, University of Groningen, Netherlands
- 1984 - 1988 Lecturer Organic Chemistry, University of Groningen, Netherlands
- 1983 - 1984 Project Leader Homogeneous Catalysis, Shell Research Laboratories, Amsterdam, Netherlands

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| 1982 - 1983 | Research Chemist (Bioorganic Chemistry), Shell Biosciences Laboratories, Sittingbourne, UK |
| 1979 - 1982 | Lecturer Amsterdam (Hogere Analistenschool) |
| 1978 - 1984 | Research Chemist (organic synthesis, oxidation processes, photochemistry), Royal Dutch Shell, Shell Laboratories, Amsterdam, Netherlands |
| 1978 | PhD at Department of Organic Chemistry, University of Groningen, Netherlands |
| 1969 - 1978 | Undergraduate and graduate studies in chemistry, University of Groningen, Netherlands |

Functions in Scientific Societies and Committees

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| since 2019 | Member ERC Scientific Council |
| 2014 | Member, International Academic Advisory Board, Max-Planck-Institute |
| 2014 | Chairman, International Janssen Pharmaceutical Prize |
| 2013 - 2018 | Appointed Member of Council, Royal Society of Chemistry, UK |
| 2013 | Co-Chairman and Organizer, ArmChemFront 2013 Conference |
| 2012 | Tetrahedron Chair at BOSS symposium |
| 2011 - 2016 | Vice-president, Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts & Sciences (KNAW) |
| 2011 | Member, International Scientific Advisory Board, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) Zurich, Switzerland |
| 2010 - 2016 | Chair Netherlands Science Foundation, Chemical Division |
| 2010 | Member and Executive Director, ACS 2010 Board, American Chemical Society, Washington, DC, USA |
| 2009 | President of Bürgenstock Conference, Switzerland |
| 2007 | Member, International Scientific Advisory Board, Wissenschaftsrat, Berlin, Germany |
| 2007 | Co-Chairman and Organizer, International CD Conference (with E.W. Meijer) |
| 2002 - 2006 | Founding Scientific Editor of the RSC Journal Organic & Biomolecular Chemistry |
| 2001 | President, European Symposium on Organic Chemistry, ESOC-12, Groningen, Netherlands |
| 2001 - 2005 | International Scientific Advisory Board, Max Planck Institute for coal research, Mülheim/Ruhr, Germany |
| Co-Founder, Contract Research Company SELECT (now KIADIS) | |
| Founder and Director, Stratingh Institute for Chemistry, University of Groningen, Netherlands | |

Member, Evaluation committee Topinitiativen, German Research Community

Chair, Executive Board, Advanced Research Center Chemical Building Blocks Consortium (ARC CBBC), Netherlands

Scientific Advisor Board, Institute of Science and Technology Austria (IST Austria), Austria

Editorials and Member in Editorial Boards:

Chair, Editorial Board, Chemistry World, Royal Society of Chemistry, UK

Member, Editorial Board, Journal of the Chemical Society, Faraday Transactions; Advanced Synthesis and Catalysis; Adv. Phys. Org. Chem.; Topics in Stereochemistry; Macromolecular Rapid Communications

Member, Editorial Advisory Board, Chemical Communications; Journal of Organic Chemistry; Chemistry, an Asian Journal; Organic & Biomolecular Chemistry

Member, International Advisory Board, Israel Journal of Chemistry

Honours and awarded Memberships

since 2023 Member, National Academy of Science (NAS), USA

since 2020 Foreign Member of the Royal Society

2019 Asteroid named after him “(12655) Benferinga” (2019)

since 2019 Member of the National Academy of Sciences Leopoldina, Germany

2019 Slovak Chemical Society Gold Medal

2019 Gold Medal, Comenius University Bratislava, Slovakia

2019 Magnolia Silver Award, Shanghai Municipal People’s Government, China

2019 Honorary Doctorate, University of Santiago de Compostela, Spain

2019 Honorary Doctorate, University of Johannesburg, South Africa

2019 Raman Chair Professorship, Indian Academy of Sciences, Bangalore, India

2019 Honorary Patronage, University Philosophical Society, Trinity College, University of Dublin, Ireland

2018 Foreign Member, Academy of Sciences of Bologna Institute, Italy

2018 Honorary Doctor, Yerevan State Medical University, Yerevan, Armenia

2018 University Medal, University of Florence, Italy

2018 European Chemistry (EuChemS) Gold Medal

2018 Solvay Chair 2018, Solvay Institutes, Belgium

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| 2018 | Honorary Member, Israel Chemical Society |
| 2017 | ChemPubSoc Europe Fellow |
| 2017 | TUM Ambassador, Technical University Munich, Germany |
| 2017 | Honorary Professor, School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Sun Yat-sen University, Qhuanzhou, China |
| 2017 | Gerhard Ertl Lecture Award, Fritz Haber Institute Berlin, Germany |
| 2017 | Honorary Professorship, South China Normal University, Qhuanzhou, China |
| 2017 | Distinguished Affiliate Professor, Technical University Munich, Germany |
| 2017 | RSC Centenary Prize der Royal Society of Chemistry, UK |
| 2017 | Academic Society Award, Royal Netherlands Society of Engineers |
| 2017 | Tetrahedron Prize |
| 2017 | Honorary Professorship, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China |
| 2017 | Ereburger City of Groningen und Tynaarlo, Netherlands |
| 2017 | Honorary Professorship, East China University of Science and Technology, China |
| 2016 | Nobel Prize in Chemistry (jointly with Jean-Pierre Sauvage und Fraser Stoddart) |
| 2016 | Honorary Member of the Royal Netherlands Chemical Society |
| 2016 | August Wilhelm von Hofmann Medal, German Chemical Society |
| 2015 | Chemistry for the Future Solvay Pize, Solvay, Belgium |
| 2015 | Arthur C. Cope Late Career Scholars Award, American Chemical Society, Washington, DC, USA |
| 2015 | Netherlands Chemistry and Catalysis Award |
| 2015 | Diels-Planck Award Lecture, Kiel, Germany |
| 2014 | International Organic Chemistry Foundation (IOCF) Yoshida Lectureship Award, Kyoto, Osaka, Japan |
| 2014 | Theodor Förster Award, German Chemical Society and Bunsen-Society for Physical Chemistry |
| 2013 | Nagoya Gold Medal, Japan |
| 2013 | Yamada-Koga Award, Tokyo, Japan |
| 2013 | Marie Skłodowska-Curie Medal, Polish Chemical Society, Poland |
| 2013 | Lilly European Distinguished Science Award |
| 2013 | RSC Award, Royal Society of Chemistry, UK |

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| 2013 | Dutch Research Council (NWO) gravitation program grant, Netherlands ministry of Science & Education (with E.W. Meijer, R. Nolte) |
| 2012 | Grand Prix Scientifique Cino del Duca, French Academy of Sciences |
| 2012 | Humboldt Award, Alexander von Humboldt Foundation |
| 2011 | RSC Organic Stereochemistry Award, Royal Society of Chemistry, UK |
| 2011 | Van 't Hoff Medal |
| since 2010 | Member of the Academia Europeae |
| 2009 | Van 't Hoff Award Lecture, Netherlands Academy of Sciences |
| 2009 | Chirality Medal, Società Chimica Italiana, Rome, Italy |
| 2008 | Paracelsus Award of the Swiss Chemical Society |
| since 2008 | Elected Member of the Netherlands Academy for Technology and Innovation |
| 2008 | ERC Research Grant, European Research Council (again 2016) |
| 2008 | Knighted by Her Majesty the Queen of the Netherlands |
| 2007 | James Flack Norris Award in Physical Organic Chemistry, American Chemical Society, Washington, DC, USA |
| since 2006 | Elected Member of the Royal Netherlands Academy of Sciences |
| 2005 | Prelog Gold Medal, (ETH) Zurich, Switzerland |
| 2004 | Solvias Ligand Contest Award (shared with J. Hartwig), Yale University, Connecticut, USA |
| 2004 | Spinoza Award (highest Netherlands scientific award) |
| since 2004 | Foreign Honorary Member of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, USA |
| 2004 | Jacobus H. van't Hoff Distinguished Chair in Molecular Sciences, University of Groningen, Netherlands |
| 2003 | Koerber European Science Award |
| 2003 | Guthikonda Award, Columbia University, New York, USA |
| 2000 - 2001 | Novartis Chemistry Lectureship Award |
| 1998 | Elected Fellow, Royal Society of Chemistry (RSC), UK |
| 1998 | JSPS Fellowship award und JSPS Lectureship, Japan Society for the Promotion of Science (JSPS), Japan |
| 1997 | Pino Gold Medal, Società Chimica Italiana, Rome, Italy |

Major Scientific Priorities

Ben L. Feringa is a chemist. His research focuses on organic chemistry and molecular nanotechnology. He was the first to develop a molecular motor. In 2016 he was awarded the Nobel Prize in Chemistry for "the design and synthesis of molecular machines" together with Jean-Pierre Sauvage and Fraser Stoddart.

Feringa builds tiny molecular switches and motors from organic molecules. Such molecular motors play an important role in nature. In muscle cells, for example, myosin molecules are responsible for muscle contraction.

Feringa developed a light-driven molecular motor based on the light-sensitive molecule rhodopsin. These molecules can directly use light to generate a directional rotor movement. The molecular motor thus becomes controllable and is therefore capable to perform a specific task. Molecular motors can currently rotate up to ten million times per second.

Based on these findings, Ben Feringa constructed the world's first molecular "Nanocar" from molecules. It is only two nanometers in size and uses rotor molecules for propulsion. If the scientists let electrons float above the "Nanocar", the rotor molecules rotate in one direction and move the vehicle.

There are many conceivable applications for molecular engines and "Nanocars" in the future. They could be used to transport medication to specific targets in the body. Molecules equipped with light switches could then be activated at the target point with a corresponding light wavelength. Light-controlled antibiotics or chemotherapeutic agents could be used selectively and possible side effects therefore avoided. Molecular motors and machines may also be used for the development of new materials, sensors, and energy storage systems.